

INTRODUCTION

Viromet* 349, with a composition of Sn/Ag/Cu/In + X, is one of the high-performance lead free solder available in the industry. Viromet 349 core wire can be used as a drop-in replacement for conventional Sn/Pb solders in manual soldering. It possesses superior mechanical properties and better reliability as compared to conventional Sn/Pb solders.

V349 (CLF5013) lead free no clean core flux solder wire is formulated using purest raw chemicals together with halide-free materials, which guarantees absolute flux core continuity and consistency in solder properties. It provides excellent instant wetting action and superior solderability on a variety of surface finishes.

SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specifications	Test Standards
Flux Content	3.0 +/- 0.5 wt%	Singapore Asahi
Density of Core Flux @ 25°C	0.866	Singapore Asahi
Halide Content	0 wt%	IPC-TM-650 2.3.35B JIS Z 3197: 1999 8.1.4.2.2
Water Extract Resistivity	>1.0 x10 ⁴ Ω-cm	JIS Z 3197: 1999 8.1.1
Surface Insulation Resistance (Raw Flux) (85°C, 85 %RH, 1000hrs)	>1x10 ⁸ Ω >1 x10 ¹¹ Ω	IPC-TM-650 2.6.3.3 JIS Z 3197: 1999 8.5.4
Copper Corrosion Test	Pass	IPC-TM-650 2.6.15 JIS Z 3197: 1999 8.4.1
Copper Mirror Test	Classified as "M", Pass	IPC-TM-650 2.3.32 JIS Z 3197: 1999 8.4.2
Flux Activity Classification	ROM0	IPC J-STD-004A
Spread Factor	>80% (V349)	JIS Z 3197: 1999 8.3.1.1
Residue Dryness Test	Dry	JIS Z 3197: 1999 8.5.1
Residue Appearance	Transparent & Minimal	Visual

** Viromet is a patented product of Singapore Asahi*

ALLOY SPECIFICATION

Composition		IPC J-STD-006B Specs (Wt%)
Tin	Sn	Remainder
Silver	Ag	4.1 +/- 0.2
Copper	Cu	0.5 +/- 0.1
Indium	In	4.0 +/- 0.2
Contamination		
Aluminium	Al	0.005 max
Arsenic	As	0.03 max
Gold	Au	0.05 max
Bismuth	Bi	0.10 max
Cadmium	Cd	0.002 max
Iron	Fe	0.02 max
Nickel	Ni	0.01 max
Lead	Pb	0.05 max
Antimony	Sb	0.05 max
Zinc	Zn	0.003 max

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

V349

Melting Temperatures	205 - 210 °C
Coefficient of Thermal Expansion	22.9 µm/m°C
Density	7.40 g/ml

MECHANICAL PROPERTIES

V349

Tensile Strength	72.03 MPa
Yield Strength	52.98 MPa
Young's Modulus	5946 MPa

APPLICATION

V349 (CLF5013) lead free no clean core flux solder wire is easy to use for automatic, manual, rework, point and brush soldering. For the best soldering results, the recommended parameters are shown:

Solder Iron Tips: All Types especially the tapered types
Soldering Temp: 330 ~ 380 °C
Soldering Time: 1 ~ 3 secs

- Keep solder iron tips clean.
- Tinned iron tips before use.
- Wear gloves when soldering to avoid contaminating the wire.

(Note: Soldering parameters are dependent on tip type, soldering station wattage configuration, wire diameter and type of applications.)

PACKAGING

V349 (CLF5013) lead free no clean core flux solder wire is commonly available in various diameters such as 0.25, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.8, 1.0, 1.2, 1.6 and 2.0 mm. For different diameters, please specify your requirements.

Packaging	0.03kg	0.10kg	0.20kg	0.25kg	0.50kg	1.0kg
Diameter (mm)	0.25	0.3	0.4	0.5 to 2.0	0.5 to 2.0	0.8 to 2.0

RESIDUAL REMOVAL

Since the residues are transparent, minimal, dry, non-tacky and practically inert after soldering, removal is usually not necessary. For assemblies that require cleaning, the flux residue can be completely removed by any solvent type flux cleaner available in the market.

SAFETY

Wear a chemical mask if the operators are allergic to the fumes released during soldering. For more information, please refer to Material Safety Data Sheet.

STORAGE

Store the solder wire in a cool, dry environment. Wrap up the solder wire when not in use to reduce exposure to environment. V349 (CLF5013) lead free no clean core flux solder wire can be kept for 2 years if proper storage conditions are observed.

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TEST ANALYSIS

Various tests were conducted to evaluate the performance and reliability of CLF5013 core flux.

HALIDE CONTENT

This test is to determine the amount of halide present in the core flux.

Method:

By titration method with end point determination. The % chlorides calculated based on the following formula:

$$\text{Halides, as \% Chlorides} = \frac{3.55 \text{ VN} \times 100}{\text{ms}}$$

Result:

Halide Content = 0 wt%.

WATER EXTRACT RESISTIVITY

This test measures the corrosiveness of the flux.

Method:

- Take an amount of the flux containing solid portion equivalent to $0.05 \pm 0.005\text{g}$ as the sample.
- Put the sample in a beaker with 50ml of purified water. Cover the beaker with a watch glass.
- Heat and boil it for about 5 mins, and further continue heating for about 1 min.
- Cool the beaker for about 10 secs at room temperature, then place beaker in a water bath of about 20°C to obtain the test solution, immediately measure the resistance of this water solution using a conductivity meter.

Result:

The test result obtained is $1.8 \times 10^5 \Omega\text{-cm}$, which meets the minimum required specific resistance of $1.0 \times 10^4 \Omega\text{-cm}$.

SURFACE INSULATION RESISTANCE

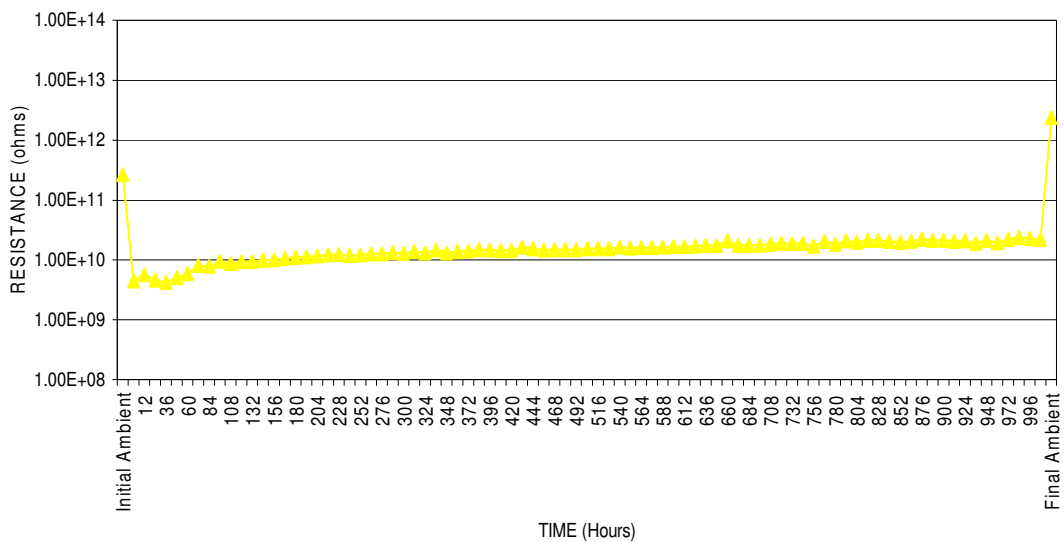
It determines the surface insulation properties of the flux on the finished product. Thus, it determines the reliability of the residue if left on board without cleaning.

Test Conditions (IPC-TM-650 2.6.3.3)

Humidity : 85 %RH
Temperature : 85°C
Duration : 1000hrs
Bias Voltage : +50V D.C.
Applied Voltage : -100V D.C.
Test Coupon : IPC-B-24

Result:

Surface Insulation Resistance of CLF5013 (IPC)



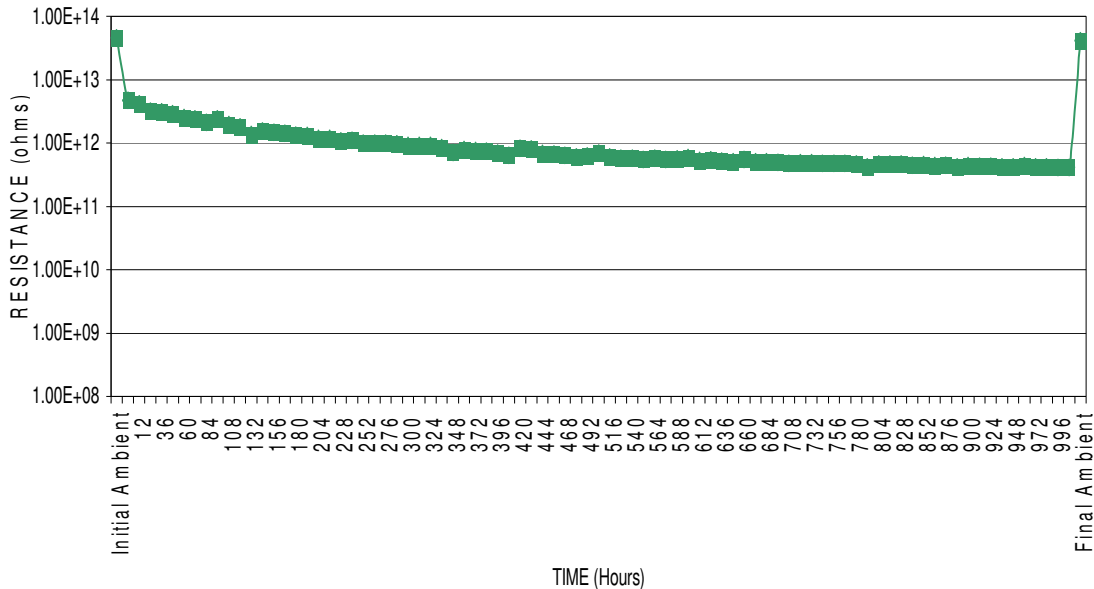
Surface Insulation Resistance: $> 1 \times 10^9 \Omega$, passed.

Test Conditions (JIS Z 3197: 1999 8.5.4)

Humidity : 85 %RH
Temperature : 85°C
Duration : 1000hrs
Bias Voltage : +50V D.C.
Applied Voltage : -100V D.C.
Test Coupon : JIS C 6480

Result:

Surface Insulation Resistance of CLF5013 (JIS)



Surface Insulation Resistance: $> 1 \times 10^{11} \Omega$, passed.

COPPER CORROSION TEST

Evaluate the existence of corrosion due to the flux residue after soldering under moisture.

Method:

- Weigh 1 gram of solder and make into a coil with a 3mm mandrel.
- Place the cleaned copper coupon on the surface of solder bath set to 250°C.
- Let the specimen remain on the solder bath surface for 5 secs after solder fusing.
- Allow the specimen to cool for 15mins.
- Place the specimen in a humidifier set at 40°C, 90 %RH for 96hrs.
- Inspect the specimen for growth of corrosive compounds that are assumed to be green, bluish green or white.
- Place one drop of test flux onto the copper mirror.

Result:

No drastic change in appearance of copper under the residue or at the flux boundary. CLF5013 has passed the corrosion test.

COPPER MIRROR TEST

This test provides a visual check on the corrosive effect of the flux on the substrate.

Method:

- Place one drop of test flux onto the copper mirror.
- Keep copper mirror at $23 \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ & $50 \pm 5\% \text{RH}$ for 24 hrs.
- Remove test flux by immersion in clean 2-propanol.

Result:

The result showed that CLF5013 is classified as "M".

SPREAD TEST

The purpose of this test is to measure the spread capability of the CLF5013 core flux.

Method:

- Maintain hot plate temperature at 250°C .
- Place the solder wire ($\varnothing 3\text{mm}$) on a copper coupon.
- Place the coupon on hot plate.
- Measure rate of spread with the formula below :

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Rate of Spread} &= (D-H)/D \times 100\% \\ \text{where } D &= 1.24 \times V^{1/3} \\ V &= \text{Mass / Specific Gravity} \\ H &= \text{Height of Spread Solder} \end{aligned}$$

Result:

The result showed that CLF5013 had a spread factor of 80% with V349 solder.

RESIDUE DRYNESS TEST

This test determines the tackiness of the residue after soldering.

Method:

- Place circular solid solder wire preform on Copper.
- Add 0.035 to 0.040g of solid portion of flux to centre of wire preform.
- Set solder bath temperature at 50 \pm 2 °C above the alloy's liquidus temperature.
- After fusing of solder, leave it for 5 secs.
- Take the test piece out of the bath and cool it for 30 mins.
- Sprinkle powder talc onto the flux residue on the test piece.
- Brush the surface of the residue in the same direction twice and inspect test piece.

Result:

Powder falls off test piece easily. The flux residue has passed the dryness test.

DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY

"All statements, information and recommendations contained in this catalog are based on data and test results which we consider, to the best of our knowledge and belief, to be reliable and informative to the users but the accuracy and completeness thereof is not guaranteed. No warranty, expressed or implied, statutory or otherwise, is given regarding the use of the information and products contained in this catalog since the conditions and suitability for use, handlings, storage or possession of the products are determined by the users and are therefore beyond our control. We shall not be liable in respect of any liabilities, losses (including consequential losses), damages, proceedings, costs, claims or injuries whatsoever sustained or suffered by the users (including any third parties) in connection with the use of the information, recommendation and the products contained in this catalog."

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